GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

#### REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively., changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting," as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

#### **Scope of Review**

Except as explained in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### **Basis for Qualified Conclusion**

As stated in Note 4(3) and 6(7), the consolidated financial statements included the financial statements of certain nonsignificant subsidiaries, which were not reviewed by independent accountants. These financial statements reflect total assets amounting to \$1,103,261 thousand and \$886,073 thousand, constituting 18% and 15% of consolidated total assets as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, total liabilities amounting to \$223,066 thousand and \$93,308 thousand, constituting 6% and 3% of consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and total comprehensive (loss) income amounting to \$24,140 thousand, (\$9,576) thousand, \$18,068 thousand and (\$73,457) thousand, constituting 13%, (21%), 6% and (297%) of consolidated total comprehensive income (loss) for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The investments accounted for using equity method amounting to \$64,900 thousand and \$115,098 thousand as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and related share of the profit or loss amounting to (\$1,862) thousand and (\$74,511) thousand, constituting (0.6%) and (300%) of total consolidated comprehensive income (loss) for the six-months periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

#### **Qualified Conclusion**

Based on our reviews except for the effects of the adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries and equity accounted investee companies described in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph above been reviewed by independent accountants, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IASs 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan August 9, 2018

operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

# GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017(June 30, 2018 and 2017 are reviewed, not audited)

	Assets	Notes	June 30, AMOUNT	2018	December 31 AMOUNT	, 2017 %	June 30, 20 AMOUNT	)17 %
	Current assets	110105	<u> </u>		711100111		711/10/01/1	
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 1,071,84	3 17	\$ 1,071,799	17	\$ 911,785	15
1110	Financial assets at fair value through		, , ,		. , ,		,	
	profit or loss - current	6(2)	405,91	9 7	32,676	1	122,075	2
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost -							
	current	6(4)	874,32	2 14	-	-	-	_
1147	Investments in debt instrument							
	without active markets	12(4)			963,980	15	965,082	16
1150	Notes receivable, net		41,06	2 1	38,138	1	15,938	_
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)	1,593,73	9 25	1,546,436	25	1,475,880	25
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7			-	-	190	-
1200	Other receivables		96,78	6 2	8,076	-	10,396	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(6)	1,083,06	2 17	1,510,629	24	1,379,083	23
1410	Prepayments		74,43	4 1	55,068	1	59,171	1
1470	Other current assets	8	13,88	6	27,589		41,365	1
11XX	<b>Current Assets</b>		5,255,05	3 84	5,254,391	84	4,980,965	83
	Non-current assets							
1517	Financial assets at fair value through							
	other comprehensive income - non							
	- current	6(3)	120,35	0 2	-	-	-	-
1523	Available-for-sale financial assets -							
	non-current	12(4)			12,908	-	14,179	-
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost -							
	non-current	6(4)	11,07	8 -	-	-	-	-
1543	Financial assets carried at cost -							
	non-current	12(4)			66,419	1	66,419	1
1550	Investments accounted for using							
	equity method	6(7)	64,90	0 1	66,761	1	115,098	2
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(8) and 8	621,70	1 10	624,659	10	629,792	10
1780	Intangible assets, net		79,92	3 1	96,768	2	108,711	2
1840	Deferred income tax assets		89,97	4 2	78,425	1	95,368	2
1900	Other non-current assets	8	8,74	5	24,375	1	24,674	
15XX	Non-current assets		996,67	1 16	970,315	16	1,054,241	17
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 6,251,72	4 100	\$ 6,224,706	100	\$ 6,035,206	100

(Continued)

## $\frac{\text{GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}}$

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017(June 30, 2018 and 2017 are reviewed, not audited)

			June 30, 2018			December 31, 20	017	June 30, 2017		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	A	AMOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities									
2100	Short-term loans	6(9)	\$	554,692	9	\$	734,730	12	\$ 781,738	13
2130	Contract liabilities-current	6(18)		172,583	3		-	-	-	-
2170	Accounts payable	6(10)		1,329,732	21		1,633,421	26	1,432,833	24
2180	Accounts payables to related	7								
	parties			17,289	-		4,416	-	-	-
2200	Other payables	6(11)		581,491	9		336,968	6	618,439	10
2220	Other payables to related parties	s 7		5	-		-	-	-	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities			51,282	1		60,667	1	53,560	1
2250	Provisions for liabilities -									
	current			196,966	3		187,573	3	152,452	3
2300	Other current liabilities	6(12)		186,168	3		207,150	3	150,988	2
21XX	<b>Current Liabilities</b>			3,090,208	49		3,164,925	51	3,190,010	53
	Non-current liabilities									
2527	Contract liabilities-non-current	6(18)		11,182	-		-	-	-	-
2540	Long-term loans	6(12)		341,717	6		391,641	6	402,328	7
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			59,147	1		42,299	1	39,843	1
2600	Other non-current liabilities			80,871	1		85,134	1	84,691	1
25XX	Non-current liabilities			492,917	8		519,074	8	526,862	9
2XXX	Total Liabilities			3,583,125	57		3,683,999	59	3,716,872	62
	Equity attributable to owners of									
	parent company									
	Share capital	6(14)								
3110	Share capital - common stock			1,651,361	27		1,651,361	27	1,651,361	27
	Capital surplus	6(15)								
3200	Capital surplus			186,765	3		186,765	3	176,096	3
	Retained earnings	6(16)								
3310	Legal reserve			86,711	1		66,921	1	66,921	1
3320	Special reserve			132,987	2		178,169	3	178,169	3
3350	Unappropriated retained									
	earnings			291,360	5		197,905	3	52,419	1
	Other equity interest	6(17)								
3400	Other equity interest		(	1,686)		(	63,079)	(1)	(81,607)	(1)
31XX	Equity attributable to									
	owners of the parent									
	company			2,347,498	38		2,218,042	36	2,043,359	34
36XX	Non-controlling interest			321,101	5		322,665	5	274,975	4
3XXX	Total equity			2,668,599	43		2,540,707	41	2,318,334	38
	Significant contingent liabilities	9								
	and unrecognized contract									
	commitments									
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	6,251,724	100	\$	6,224,706	100	\$ 6,035,206	100

GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

				For the three-month		h per			0	For the six-month periods ended June 30					30		
	Items	Notes	_	2018		_	2017			_	2018			_	2017		_
			_	AMOUNT	%	_	AMOUNT	_	%	_	AMOUNT	_	%	_	AMOUNT		%
4000	Operating revenue	6(18) and 7	\$	1,264,829	100	\$	1,138,593		100	\$			100	\$	2,377,871		100
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(22)(23)	(	841,010)	( 66)	(	796,678)	(	70)	(_	1,823,184)	(	71)	(	1,739,844)	(	73)
5900	Net operating margin		_	423,819	34	_	341,915	_	30	_	754,749	_	29		638,027		27
	Operating expenses	6(22)(23)															
6100	Selling expenses		(	46,842)		(	80,325)	(	7)		93,888)	(	3)		140,481)	(	6)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	108,095)		(	67,138)	(	6)		199,012)	(	8)		135,757)	(	5)
6300	Research and development expenses		(	100,735)	( 8)	(	93,171)	(	8)	(	171,437)	(	7)	(	165,868)	(	7)
6450	Impairment loss (gain)		(	7,587)	( 1)			_		_	4,059	_					
6000	Total operating expenses		(	263,259)	( 21)	(	240,634)	(	21)	(_	460,278)	(	18)	(	442,106)	(	18)
6900	Operating profit		_	160,560	13	_	101,281	_	9	_	294,471	_	11		195,921		9
	Non-operating income and expenses																
7010	Other income	6(19)		15,665	1		16,926		1		30,046		1		37,588		1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(20)		41,663	3	(	3,599)		-		26,683		1	(	45,514)	(	2)
7050	Finance costs	6(21)	(	5,415)	-	(	4,217)		-	(	10,823)		-	(	7,707)		-
7060	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures																
	accounted for under equity method		(	813)		(	50,834)	(	5)	(_	1,862)	_		(	74,511)	(	3)
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		_	51,100	4	(	41,724)	(	4)	_	44,044	_	2	(	90,144)	(	4)
7900	Profit before tax			211,660	17		59,557		5		338,515		13		105,777		5
7950	Income tax expense	6(24)	(	16,788)	( 2)	_	30,253)	(	2)	(	40,872)	(	1)	(	39,152)	(	2)
8200	Profit for the period		\$	194,872	15	\$	29,304	_	3	\$	297,643	_	12	\$	66,625	_	3
	Other comprehensive income for the period																
	Components of other comprehensive income																
	that will not be reclassified to profit or loss																
8316	Unrealized loss on investments in equity																
	instruments at fair value through other																
	comprehensive income		\$	2,382	-	\$	-		-	\$	5,302		-	\$	-		-
8349	Income tax related to components of other																
	comprehensive income that will not be																
	reclassified to profit or loss		(	4,294)		_		_		(	4,294)	_		_			
8310	Items that will not be reclassified																
	subsequently to profit or loss:		( _	1,912)		_		_	_		1,008	_		_		_	
	Components of other comprehensive																
	income that will be reclassified to profit or																
	loss																
8361	Cumulative translation differences of																
	foreign operations		(	13,851)	( 1)		21,438		2		9,169		-	(	36,350)	(	2)
8362	Unrealized (loss) gain on valuation of																
	available-for-sale financial assets		_			(	4,865)	(	1)	_	-	_		(	5,476)		
8360	Summary of Components of other																
	comprehensive income that will be																
	reclassified to profit or loss		(	13,851)	( 1)	_	16,573	_	1	_	9,169			(	41,826)	(	2)
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the																
	Period		(\$	15,763)	( 1)	\$	16,573	_	1	\$	10,177	_		(\$	41,826)	(	2)
8500	Total comprehensive income for the period		\$	179,109	14	\$	45,877		4	\$	307,820	_	12	\$	24,799		1
	Profit attributable to:																
8610	Equity holders of the parent company		\$	172,253	13	\$	18,375		2	\$	278,387		11	\$	49,313		2
8620	Non-controlling interest			22,619	2		10,929		1	_	19,256		1		17,312		1
	Profit for the period		\$	194,872	15	\$	29,304		3	\$	297,643		12	\$	66,625		3
	Total comprehensive income attributable to:																
8710	Equity holders of the parent company		\$	160,990	13	\$	31,447		3	\$	288,134		11	\$	12,888		-
8720	Non-controlling interest		_	18,119	1	_	14,430	_	1		19,686	_	1	_	11,911	_	1
	Total comprehensive income for the period		\$	179,109	14	\$	45,877		4	\$	307,820		12	\$	24,799		1
	Earnings per share (In dollars)	6(25)	_			_		_		_				_			_
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		1.04	\$			0.11	\$			1.69	\$		0	0.30
	Earnings per share (In dollars)	6(25)	_			_				-				_			_
9850	Diluted earnings per share (In dollars)	- (/	\$		1.04	\$			0.11	\$			1.67	\$		0	0.30
	O. F		_			_				_		_		_			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

#### FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

						Equity attributable	to owners of the paren	t				
		-			Retained Earn	nings	•	Other Equity Interest				
For the six-month period ended	Notes	Share capital- common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Cumulative translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain(Loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for- sale financial assets	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
June 30, 2017  Balance at January 1, 2017		\$ 1,651,361	\$ 242,949	\$ 40,850	\$ 132,987	\$ 305,550	(\$ 32,398)	\$ -	(\$ 12,784) \$	\$ 2,328,515	\$ 278,868	\$ 2,607,383
Profit for the period		\$ 1,031,301	\$ 242,949	\$ 40,830	\$ 132,987	49,313	(\$ 32,398)	<u> </u>	(\$ 12,764)	49,313	17,312	\$ 2,607,383 66,625
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	49,313	-	-	-			
for the period	6(17)						(30,887)		(5,538) (	36,425) (	(5,401) (	41,826)
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	49,313	( 30,887)	-	( 5,538)	12,888	11,911	24,799
Distribution of 2016 earnings:							`		`			
Legal reserve	6(16)	-	-	26,071	-	( 26,071)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	6(16)	-	-	-	45,182	( 45,182)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(16)	-	-	-	-	( 231,191)	-	-	- (	231,191)	- (	231,191)
Capital reserve-distribute cash Difference between the price for acquisition of subsidiaries and carrying amount Changes in non-controlling	6(16)	-	<ul><li>( 66,055)</li><li>( 798)</li></ul>	-	-	-	-	-	- ( - (	66,055) 798) (	- ( ( 3,035) (	66,055) 3,833)
interest									<u> </u>	(	(12,769) (	12,769)
Balance at June 30, 2017		\$ 1,651,361	\$ 176,096	\$ 66,921	\$ 178,169	\$ 52,419	(\$ 63,285)	\$ -	(\$ 18,322)	\$ 2,043,359	\$ 274,975	\$ 2,318,334
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018  Balance at January 1, 2018		\$ 1.651.361	\$ 186,765	\$ 66.921	\$ 178.169	\$ 197,905	(\$ 45,187)	\$	(\$ 17,892) \$	\$ 2,218,042	\$ 322,665	\$ 2.540.707
Effects of retrospective		\$ 1,031,301	\$ 100,703	\$ 00,921	\$ 176,109		(\$ 45,167)		, , ,			, ,,
application						5,032		19,364	17,892	42,288	7,388	49,676
Balance at January 1, 2018 after adjustments		1,651,361	186,765	66,921	178,169	202,937	( 45,187)	19,364	-	2,260,330	330,053	2,590,383
Profit for the period						278,387		-	-	278,387	19,256	297,643
Other comprehensive income for the period	6(17)						7,727	2,020	<u>-</u>	9,747	430	10,177
Total comprehensive income for the period Distribution of 2017 earnings:						278,387	7,727	2,020		288,134	19,686	307,820
Legal reserve	6(16)	_	_	19,790	_	( 19,790)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Special reserve	6(16)	-	-	-	( 17.100)	45,182	-	-	-	-	-	-

200,966)

14,390)

291,360 (\$

37,460)

200,966)

2,347,498

14,390

35,774

200,966)

28,638)

2,668,599

28,638) (

321,101

Cash dividends

interest

Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Changes in non-controlling

Balance at June 30, 2018

6(16)

1,651,361

\$ 186,765

86,711

132,987

### GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

For the six-month periods ended June 30

	Notes For the six-month 2018			periods ended June 30 2017			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Φ.	220 515	ф	105 555		
Profit before tax Adjustments		\$	338,515	\$	105,777		
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flow							
Depreciation	6(8)(22)		15,657		18,691		
Amortization	6(22)		20,990		14,415		
Expected credit loss (gain)/Provision for bad debts		(	4,059)		65,011		
Gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net	6(20)	(	1,787)	(	1,191)		
Interest expense	6(20) 6(21)	(	10,823	(	7,707		
Interest income	6(19)	(	8,261)	(	7,225)		
Dividend income	6(19)	Ì	1,868)		-		
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted							
for using equity method	c(20)		1,862		74,511		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net Gain on disposal of financial assets	6(20)		38	(	26 298)		
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities			-	(	296 )		
Net changes in assets relating to operating activities							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		(	371,456)		262,241		
Notes receivable		(	2,656)		37,953		
Accounts receivable		(	42,894)	,	87,663		
Accounts receivable - related parties Other receivables		(	90,002)	(	3,762 ) 1,928		
Inventories		(	428,652	(	193,800)		
Prepayments		(	19,238)	(	16,318)		
Other current assets		Ì	270 )	Ì	9,572)		
Other non-current assets			10	(	11)		
Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities			22.751				
Contract liabilities Accounts payable		(	33,751 304,479)	(	78,214)		
Accounts payable - related parties		(	12,984	(	70,214)		
Other payables			17,351	(	106,758)		
Other payables - related parties			5		-		
Provisions for liabilities			9,277	(	42,523)		
Unearned receipts			2,971	(	379,656)		
Other current liabilities		(	90,187 2,759)	(	2,495 2,479)		
Accrued pension liabilities  Cash generated from operations		(	133,344	}	163,389)		
Interest received			9,561	(	9,163		
Dividend received			1,870		-		
Interest paid		(	10,352)	(	7,131 )		
Income tax paid		(	49,165	<u> </u>	45,604)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			85,258	(	206,961)		
Proceeds from disposal of bond investments without active							
markets		\$	116,378	\$	27,924		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through		,	,				
other comprehensive income			13,955				
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	((20)	(	15 942 \	(	345		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(28)	(	15,842 ) 467	(	156,451 ) 314		
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(28)	(	4,091)	(	1,787)		
Refundable deposits paid	0(20)	(	2,773)	(	3,248)		
Decrease in other financial assets		`	-	` <u></u>	3,243		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			108,094	(	129,660)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY	<(20)		740.066		1 277 101		
Increase in short-term loans	6(29)	(	749,866	(	1,277,404		
Decrease in short-term loans Proceeds from long-term loan	6(29) 6(29)	(	929,904)	(	1,037,819 ) 106,000		
Repayment of long-term loans	6(29)	(	13,923)	(	14,523)		
Guarantee deposits refunded	6(29)	Ì	1,668)	Ì	23)		
Proceeds from transaction with non-controlling interests	6(26)		- ^	(	3,833 )		
Net change of non-controlling interests			105.520		17,944		
Net cash (used in)provided by financing activities		(	195,629		345,150		
Effect of fluctuations in exchange rate Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			2,321	(	6,935 ) 1,594		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)		1,071,799		910,191		
Cash and cash equivalents at obgaining of period	6(1)	\$	1,071,843	\$	911,785		
1 P	· /	<u> </u>	, , , ,	<u> </u>			

# GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd. (the "Company").

The Company was incorporated on December 22, 1978. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are engaged in the design, manufacture and sale of molds and machinery, metal parts and mold parts, stamping parts and die-cast parts, and automated manufacturing systems and their unit equipment, as well as the management and investment in the relevant business.

The Company's stock was listed on the Taipei Exchange (formerly named GreTai Securities Market), effective from February, 1998.

The Company merged with Syntran Co., Ltd (the "Syntran Company") on August 3, 2007 (merger effective date). The Company was a surviving company and Syntran Company was a dissolved company. Syntran Company was incorporated in November 1994, mainly engaged in the research, development, manufacture and sale of DWDM automatic optical testing machines, DWDM module packaging machines, digital safety monitoring systems and nano functional powder and films.

The special shareholders' meeting of the Company resolved to spin-off its semiconductor business on December 15, 2010 and the GreTai Securities Market approved the spin-off and the Company's stock listed on January 13, 2011. The Company transferred its semiconductor business and related investment to the Company's subsidiary – Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd. on the spin-off effective day March 1, 2011. The equity interest in Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd. held by the Company as of June 30, 2018 was 62.88%.

## 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 9, 2018.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2018 are as follows:

	J
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions	January 1, 2018
(amendments to IFRS 2)	-
IFRS 4'Insurance contracts' (amendments to IFRS 4)	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Clarifications to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
(amendments to IFRS 15)	•
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 7)	January 1, 2017
Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses (amendments to	January 1, 2017
IAS 12)	
Transfers of investment property (amendments to IAS 40)	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 22, 'Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration'	January 1, 2018
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle- Amendments to IFRS	January 1, 2018
1, 'First-time adoption of international financial reporting	
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle- Amendments to IFRS	January 1, 2017
12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities'	
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle- Amendments to IAS	January 1, 2018
28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures'	

Effective Date by

Except for the followings items, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating result based on the Group's assessment.

#### A. IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'

- (a) Classification of debt instruments is driven by the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets, which would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial asset measured at amortised cost. Equity instruments would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, unless an entity makes an irrevocable election at inception to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.
- (b) The impairment losses of debt instruments are assessed using an 'expected credit loss' approach. An entity assesses at each balance sheet date whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition to recognise 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses (interest revenue would be calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset before impairment losses occurred); or if the instrument that has objective evidence of impairment, interest revenue after the impairment would be calculated on the book value of net carrying amount (i.e. net of credit allowance).

- (c) The amended general hedge accounting requirements align hedge accounting more closely with an entity's risk management strategy. Risk components of non-financial items and a group of items can be designated as hedged items. The standard relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness, removing the 80-125% bright line, and introduces the concept of 'rebalancing'; while its risk management objective remains unchanged, an entity shall rebalance the hedged item or the hedging instrument for the purpose of maintaining the hedge ratio.
- (d) In adopting the new standards endorsed by the FSC effective from 2018, the Group applied the new rules under IFRS 9 retrospectively from January 1, 2018, with the practical expedients permitted under the statement. The significant effects of applying the standard as of January 1, 2018 refer to Note 12(4) 2 and 3.
- B. IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'
- (a) IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' replaces IAS 11, 'Construction contracts', IAS 18, 'Revenue' and relevant interpretations. According to IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services. A customer obtains control of goods or services when a customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

- Step 1: Identify contracts with customer.
- Step 2: Identify separate performance obligations in the contract(s).
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price.
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price.
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Further, IFRS 15 includes a set of comprehensive disclosure requirements that requires an entity to disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

(b) The Group has elected not to restate prior period financial statements using the modified retrospective approach under IFRS 15. The Group has elected to apply simple retrospective approach whereby the cumulative impact of the adoption was recognized as retained earnings. The significant effects of applying the new standards as of January 1, 2018 as summarized below:

amou	nt under					
re stand	lated ards and	arisir	ng from initial		Carrying amount under IFRS15	Remark
			_			_
\$	-	\$	150,146	\$	150,146	A
	150,146	(	150,146)			A
\$	150,146	\$	_	\$	150,146	
	amou IAS rel standa	150,146	amount under IAS 18 and related A standards and arisir	amount under IAS 18 and related standards and Interpretations  \$ - \$ 150,146  150,146 ( 150,146)	amount under IAS 18 and related Adjustments standards and Interpretations application  \$ - \$ 150,146 \$  150,146 ( 150,146)	amount under IAS 18 and related standards and Interpretations  - \$ 150,146 ( 150,146)

#### i . Presentation of contract assets and contract liabilities

In line with IFRS 15 requirements, the Group changed the presentation of certain accounts in the balance sheet as follows:

Under IFRS 15, liabilities in relation to contracts are recognised as contract liabilities, but were previously presented as advance sales receipts in the balance sheet. As of January 1, 2018, the balance amounted to \$150,146.

ii. Please refer to Note 12(5) for other disclosures in relation to the first application of IFRS 15.

#### C. Amendments to IAS 7, 'Disclosure initiative'

This amendment requires that an entity shall provide more disclosures related to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

The Group expects to provide additional disclosure to explain the changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

## (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2019 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective Date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 9 "Prepayment Features with Negative	January 1, 2019
Compensation"	
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
IAS 19 "Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement"	January 1, 2019
IAS 28 "Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures"	January 1, 2019
IFRS 23, 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments'	January 1, 2019
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 cycle	January 1, 2019

Except for the followings, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company financial condition and operating result based on the Company assessment.

IFRS 16, 'Leases'

IFRS 16, 'Leases', replaces IAS 17, 'Leases' and related interpretations and SICs. The standard requires lessees to recognise a 'right-of-use asset' and a lease liability (except for those leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets). The accounting stays the same for lessors, which is to classify their leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. IFRS 16 only requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors.

The Group has reported to the Board of Directors in the first quarter of 2018 that the adoption of IFRS 16 has significant impact to the Group based on the preliminary assessment.

The Group will adopt the modified retrospective transitional provisions of IFRS 16 'Lease', and classify the effects on the lease contract of lessee to January 1, 2019 in accordance with IFRS 16.

#### (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC effective as follows:

	Effective Date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or	To be determined by
joint venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance Contracts'	January 1, 2021

Except for the followings, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating result based on the Group's assessment.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted are consistent with Note 4 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, except for the compliance statement, basis of preparations, basis of consolidation and additional policies as set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

- A. The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers" and IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the FSC.
- B. Please refer to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (b) Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value.
  - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.
- C. In adopting IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 effective from January 1, 2018, the Group has elected to apply modified retrospective approach whereby the cumulative impact of the adoption was recognised as retained earnings or other equity as of January 1, 2018 and the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and for the six-months ends June 30, 2017 was not restated. The financial statements for the six-months ended June 30, 2017 were prepared in compliance with International Accounting Standard 39 ('IAS 39'), International Accounting Standard 11 ('IAS 11'), International Accounting Standard 18 ('IAS 18') and related financial reporting interpretations. Please refer to Notes 12(4) and (5) for details of significant accounting policies.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

The basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			P	Percentage of Ownershi	p	
Name of Investor	Name of subsidiary	Main Business Activities	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017	Note
Gallant Precision	Gallant Micro.	Manufacturing and	62.88	62.88	62.88	
Machining Co.,	Machining Co., Ltd.	selling of semiconductor				
Ltd.		related equipment and				
		parts	100	100	100	
Gallant Precision	Gallant-Rapid	Investing in Gallant	100	100	100	note
Machining Co., Ltd.	Corporation Ltd. (the "GRC")	Precision Industries (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.				
Gallant Precision	Gallant Precision	Investing in Gallant	100	100	100	note
Machining Co.,	Machinery	Precision Machinery	100	100	100	note
Ltd.	(BVI)Ltd. (the	(Xiamen) Co., Ltd.				
	"GPM(BVI)")	(======================================				
Gallant Precision	APEX-I	Marketing and selling of	100	100	100	note
Machining Co.,	International Co.,	process equipment of				
Ltd.	Ltd.	LCD and related parts.				
Gallant Precision	Chun-Zhun	Investing in Gallant	100	100	100	note
Machining Co.,	Enterprise	Technology (Shenzhen)				
Ltd.	Corporation Ltd.	Co., Ltd.				
Gallant Micro.	(the "CZE") King Mechatronics	Investing in Gallant	100	100	100	
Machining Co.,	Co., Ltd.	Micro. Machining	100	100	100	
Ltd.	(the"KMC")	(Suzhou) Co., Ltd.				
Gallant Micro.	Gallant Micro	Engaged in the import	100	100	100	note
Machining Co.,	Machining	and export and trading				
Ltd.	(Malaysia) Sdn.	business of				
	Bhd.	semiconductor machines				
	(the"GMMM")	and related parts				
GRC	Gallant Precision	Manufacturing of	100	100	100	note
	Industries (Suzhou)	optoelectronic products				
	Co., Ltd.	equipment, mechanical				
		equipment and related parts				
KMC	Investing in Gallant	Manufacturing and	100	100	100	
Kivic	Micro. Machining	selling of precision mold	100	100	100	
	(Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	and related parts				
GPM(BVI)	Gallant Precision	Manufacturing of	100	100	100	note
	Machinery	optoelectronic products				
	(Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	equipment, mechanical				
		equipment and related				
CZE	C-11	parts	100	100	100	4-
CZE	Gallant Technology	Manufacturing of	100	100	100	note
	(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	medical and mechanical related equipment				
Gallant Precision		Engaged in selling of	100	100	100	note
Industries	Trading Co., Ltd.	mechatronics equipment	100	100	100	11010
(Suzhou) Co.,						
Ltd.						
Gallant Precision	Gallant Precision	Manufacturing of	60	60	60	note
Industries	Intelligence	optoelectronic products				
(Suzhou) Co.,	Technology Co.,Ltd.	equipment, mechanical				
Ltd.		equipment and related				
Collors	Suzhou Jianmeifu	parts	100	100	100	note
Gallant International		Engaged in wholesale and retail of contact	100	100	100	note
Trading Co., Ltd.	Optical Co., Ltd.	lenses and related care				
riuding Co., Liu.		products				
		r				

Note: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of significant subsidiary.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$321,101, \$322,665 and \$274,975, respectively. The information of non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

			Non-controlling interest									
		Jun	e 30, 2018	Decen	nber 31, 2017	June 30, 2017						
	Principal place											
Name of subsidiary	of business	Amount	Ownership(%)	Amount	Ownership(%)	Amount	Ownership(%)					
Gallant Micro.	Taiwan	\$ 288,566	37.12	\$ 296,647	37.12	\$ 253,419	33.12					
Machining Co., Ltd.												

Summarized financial information of the subsidiaries:

#### **Balance sheets**

	_ G	Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries								
	Jur	June 30, 2018		ember 31, 2017	June 30, 2017					
Current assets	\$	1,253,158	\$	1,209,735	\$	1,154,294				
Non-current assets		286,816		269,893		262,179				
Current liabilities	(	597,732)	(	498,910)	(	475,475)				
Non-current liabilities	(	164,857)	(	181,561)	(	175,843)				
Total net assets	\$	777,385	\$	799,157	\$	765,155				

#### Statements of comprehensive income

	Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd. and its subsidiar					
	F	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017		
Revenue	\$	244,479	\$	257,932		
Profit before income tax	\$	51,171	\$	28,620		
Income tax expense	(	12,607)	(	6,487)		
Profit for the period from continuing operations		38,564		22,133		
Loss from discontinued operations		-		-		
Profit for the period		38,564		22,133		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	(	12,118)		10,396		
Total comprehensive income for the		,		,		
period	\$	26,446	\$	32,529		
Comprehensive income attributable						
to non-controlling interest	\$	9,815	\$	10,770		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	\$	28,637	\$	29,809		

	Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd. and its subs					
		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017		
Revenue	\$	427,865	\$	515,058		
Profit before income tax	\$	52,232	\$	55,697		
Income tax expense	(	17,645)	(	14,463)		
Profit for the period from continuing operations		34,587		41,234		
Loss from discontinued operations		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Profit for the period		34,587		41,234		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		892	(	16,484)		
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	35,479	\$	24,750		
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	13,168	\$	8,194		
Dividends paid to non-controllling interest	\$	28,637	\$	29,809		

#### Statements of cash flows

		Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries					
		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017			
Net cash provided by (used in)				·			
operating activities	\$	53,006	\$	103,588			
Net cash provided by (used in)							
investing activities	(	35,362)		201,575)			
Net cash provided by (used in)							
financing activities	(	80,000)		136,000			
Effect of exchange rates on cash							
and cash equivalents		1,350	(	10,478)			
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash							
equivalents	(	61,006)		27,535			
Cash and cash equivalents,							
beginning of period		495,524		348,077			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of	•						
period	\$	434,518	\$	375,612			

### (4) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

#### Effective from 2018

A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial assets at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are designated as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition when they eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or

recognition inconsistency.

- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. The Group's related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (5) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

#### Effective from 2018

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
  - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
  - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
  - (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

#### (6) Financial assets at amortised cost

#### Effective from 2018

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
  - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (7) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (8) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (9) Borrowings

A. Borrowings comprise long-termand short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at

amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

#### (10) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (11) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

A. financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (12) Employee benefits

**Pensions** 

#### Defined benefit plans

Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

#### (13) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns

with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other

comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (14) Revenue recognition

#### A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group provides manufacturing and sales of Flat display manufacturing inspection equipment, Semiconductor packaging equipment, Intelligent automation equipment and parts products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Sales are recognised based on the price specified in the contract.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### B. Sales of services

The Group provides technical services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.

## 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

There have been no significant change as of June 30, 2018. Please refer to Note 5 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017

#### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash on hand and revolving funds
Checking accounts
Demand deposits
Total

Jun	e 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		Jι	ine 30, 2017
\$	560	\$	570	\$	566
	26		26		26
	1,071,257		1,071,203		911,193
\$	1,071,843	\$	1,071,799	\$	911,785

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. As of June 30, 2018, cash and cash equivalents pledged to Customs and others as collateral were classified as financial assets at amortised cost-current and financial assets at amortised cost-non-current. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2017, the Group were classified as other financial assets-current and other non-current financial assets in note 8.

#### (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

#### Effective from 2018

Items	Jui	ne 30, 2018
Current items:		
Financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	\$	404,890
Beneficiary certificates		1,029
Valuation adjustment	\$	405,919

- A. The Group recognized net gain of \$895 and \$1,787 on financial assets and liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss for the three-month period end 2018, and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018.
- B. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.
- C. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).
- D. Information on December 31, 2017, and June 30, 2017 are provided in Note 12(4).
- (3) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

#### Effective from 2018

Items	June 30, 2018
Non-current items:	
Equity instruments	
Emerging stocks	\$ -
Non-Listed stocks	68,875
Subtotal	68,875
Valuation adjustment	51,475
	\$ 120,350

A. The Group has elected to classify investments that are considered to be strategic investments in Shinyu Light Co., Ltd., PHOENIX & COPRORATION and POWER EVER ENTERPRISES LIMITED as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$120,350 as at June 30, 2018.

- B. The Group sold \$13,955 of Unicon Optical Co., Ltd., investments at fair value and resulted in cumulative losses (\$14,390) on disposal for the six month period ended June 30, 2018.
- C. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

		ree-month period June 30, 2018.
Equity instruments at fair value through other		
comprehensive income:		
Fair value change recognised in other		
comprehensive income	(\$	196)
Cumulative gains (losses) reclassified to retained		
earnings due to derecognition	\$	1,096
		six-month period June 30, 2018.
Equity instruments at fair value through other		
comprehensive income:		
Fair value change recognised in other		
comprehensive income	\$	2,020
Cumulative gains (losses) reclassified to retained		
earnings due to derecognition	\$	14,390

- D. As at June 30, 2018, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group was \$120,350.
- E. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).
- F. Information on December 31, 2017, and June 30, 2017 are provided in Note 12(4).

#### (4) Financial assets at amortized cost

#### Effective from 2018

Items	June 30, 2018
Current items:	
Time deposits	\$ 874,322
Non-current items:	
Time deposits	11,078
	\$ 885,400

- A. The Group transacts with financial institutions with high credit quality.
- B. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- C. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).
- D. Information on December 31, 2017, and June 30, 2017 are provided in Note 12(4).

#### (5) Notes and accounts receivable

		June 30, 2018	I	December 31, 2017		June 30, 2017
Notes receivable	\$	41,062	\$	38,138	\$	15,938
Accounts receivable	\$	1,784,522	\$	1,740,994	\$	1,693,386
Less: allowance for bad debts	(	190,783)	(	194,558)	(	217,506)
	\$	1,593,739	\$	1,546,436	\$	1,475,880

A. The ageing analysis of notes and accounts receivable is as follows::

	June 3	30, 2018	Decembe	er 31, 2017	June 30, 2017			
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable		
Withou past due	\$ 1,346,667	\$ 41,062	\$ 1,336,681	\$ 38,138	\$ 1,195,353	\$ 15,938		
Up to 30 days	61,047	-	47,699	-	125,157	-		
31 to 90 days	110,346	-	47,311	-	57,122	-		
91 to 180 days	83,937	-	106,656	-	65,384	-		
Over 181 days	182,525		202,647	<u> </u>	250,370	<u> </u>		
	\$ 1,784,522	\$ 41,062	\$ 1,740,994	\$ 38,138	\$ 1,693,386	\$ 15,938		

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- C. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

#### (6) <u>Inventories</u>

	June 30, 2018							
		Cost	Allowance for valuation lo	oss	Book value			
Raw materials	\$	115,360	(\$ 13,6	09) \$	101,751			
Work in process		759,815	(60,2	84)	699,531			
Finished goods		298,811	(26,0)	46)	272,765			
Inventory in transit		9,015		-	9,015			
Total	\$	1,183,001	(\$ 99,9	39) \$	1,083,062			

	December 31, 2017										
		Cost	Allowance	e for valuation loss	Book value						
Raw materials	\$	83,871	(\$	13,693) \$	70,178						
Work in process		770,188	(	49,221)	720,967						
Finished goods		727,549	(	20,163)	707,386						
Inventory in transit		12,098		-	12,098						
Total	\$	1,593,706	(\$	83,077) \$	1,510,629						

June 30, 2017

	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 109,685 (	(\$ 13,674) \$	96,011
Work in process	674,193 (	(44,447)	629,746
Finished goods	659,757 (	(4,530)	645,227
Inventory in transit	8,099	-	8,099
Total	\$ 1,451,734 (	(\$ 72,651)	1,379,083

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the period:

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017			
Cost of goods sold	\$ 829,778	\$	800,845			
Loss on (gain on reversal of)						
decline in market value	 11,232	(	4,167)			
	\$ 841,010	\$	796,678			
	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017			
Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,806,324	\$	1,740,658			
Loss on (gain on reversal of)						
decline in market value	 16,860	(	814)			
	\$ 1,823,184	\$	1,739,844			

The Group reversed from a previous inventory write-down and accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold because of disposal and sold inventory.

#### (7) Investments accounted for using equity method

	June 30, 2018		Dec	ember 31, 2017	June 30, 2017		
Associates							
Sunengine Co., Ltd.	\$	64,900	\$	66,761	\$	115,098	

#### A. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associates that are material to the Group is as follows:

	_		Shareholding ratio	)	_	
	Principal place of	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	Nature of	Methods of
Company name	business	2018	2017	2017	relationship	measurement
Sunengine Co., Ltd.	TAIWAN	37.84%	37.84%	37.84%	Business strategy	Equity method
Hitachi Zosen GPM Technology(Suzho u) Co., Ltd.	CHINA	30.00%	30.00%	30.00%	Business strategy	Equity method

(b) The summarized financial information of the associates that are material to the Group is as below:

#### Balance sheet

			Sun	engine Co., Ltd.		
	Jun	e 30, 2018	Dec	December 31, 2017		ne 30, 2017
Current assets	\$	70,272	\$	162,599	\$	125,818
Non-current assets		89,688		4,412		262,931
Current liabilities	(	10,430)	(	12,522)	(	82,697)
Non-current liabilities			(	38)	()	23,864)
Total net assets	\$	149,530	\$	154,451	\$	282,188
Share in associate's net assets	\$	56,582	\$	58,443	\$	106,780
Goodwill		8,318		8,318		8,318
Carrying amount of the		_				
associate	\$	64,900	\$	66,761	\$	115,098

#### Statement of comprehensive income

		Sunengine Co., Ltd.						
	]	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		or the three-month period ended June 30, 2017				
Revenue	\$	17,300	\$	132,043				
Profit for the period from continuing operations	(\$	2,147)(	\$	133,878)				
Profit or loss for the period from discontinued operations		-		-				
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				
Total comprehensive income	(\$	2,147)(	\$	133,878)				
Dividends received from associates	\$	-	\$	-				

#### Statement of comprehensive income

		Sunengir	ne C	Co., Ltd.			
		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017			
Revenue	\$	52,544	\$	269,715			
Profit for the period from continuing operations	(\$	4,920)	(\$	196,910)			
Profit or loss for the period from discontinued operations		-		-			
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		<u>-</u>		_			
Total comprehensive income	(\$	4,920)	(\$	196,910)			
Dividends received from associates	\$		\$	-			

(c) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results: None.

### (8) Property, plant and equipment

At January 1,		Land		Buildings	Machinery and equipment	_	Office equipment	<u>I</u>	eased assets	Otl	ners	p	Construction in rogress and equipment under installation	_	Total
2018 Cost Accumulated	\$	39,130	\$	538,222	\$ 105,260	\$	21,238	\$	116,753	\$ 6	55,825	\$	6,877	\$	893,305
depreciation and impairment	<u> </u>	39,130	(	113,468) ( 424,754	\$ 24,395	· `—	10,838) 10,400	( <u> </u>	25,590)( 91,163		(7,885) (7,940	\$	6,877	( <u> </u>	268,646) 624,659
2018 Opening net book	Ψ	27,120	<u>*</u>	121,731	* 21,375	<u>Ψ</u>	10,100	<u>*</u>	71,100	<u>r</u>	,510	<u>*</u>	3,077	<u>*</u>	021,009
amount as at January 1	\$	39,130	\$	424,754	\$ 24,395	\$	10,400	\$	91,163	§ 2	7,940	\$	6,877	\$	624,659
Additions	4	-	Ψ	1,614	191		3,268	Ψ	-		6,541	Ψ	1,314	Ψ	12,928
Disposals		-		- (	( 192	)(	52)		- (		261)		-	(	505)
Reclassifications		-		45,314	-		-	(	38,983)(		217)	(	6,114)		-
Depreciation charge Net exchange		-	(	6,036)	( 2,013	)(	1,554)	(	863)(		5,191)		-	(	15,657)
differences				38	156	(_	3)		<u> </u>		85				276
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	39,130	\$	465,684	\$ 22,537	\$	12,059	\$	51,317	\$ 2	8,897	\$	2,077	\$	621,701
At June 30, 2018 Cost Accumulated	\$	39,130	\$	596,276	\$ 105,356	\$	24,131	\$	66,693	\$ 7	0,856	\$	2,077	\$	904,519
depreciation and			,	120 502)	( 92.916	) <i>(</i>	12.072\	(	15 276) (		1.050\			(	202 010
impairment	\$	39,130	( <u> </u>	130,592) ( 465,684	\$ 22,537		12,072) 12,059	( <u> </u>	15,376)( 51,317		.1,959) .8,897	\$	2,077	( <u> </u>	282,818) 621,701
	Ψ	59,150	Ψ	405,004	Ψ 22,337	φ	12,039	Ψ	31,317	ν Δ	10,091	Ψ	2,077	ψ	021,701

		Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Office equipment	I	Lease assets		Others		Construction in progress and equipment under installation		Total
At January 1, 2017												
Cost	\$	429,223 \$	113,337 \$	16,912	\$	116,753	\$	48,377	\$	-	\$	724,602
Accumulated												
depreciation and impairment	(	104,205) (	84,811) (	10,509)	(	23,172)	(	23,236)		_	(	245,933)
mpanment	<u>_</u>	325,018 \$			` <u> </u>	93,581	<u>_</u>	25,141	\$		\$	478,669
2017	Ψ	323,016 <b></b>	20,320	0,403	Ψ	75,561	Ψ	23,141	Ψ		Ψ	478,009
Opening net book												
amount as at January												
1	\$	325,018 \$	28,526 \$	6,403	\$	93,581	\$	25,141	\$	-	\$	478,669
Additions		-	319	4,073		-		5,692		149,920		160,004
Disposals		-	- (	58)		-	(	282)		-	(	340)
Reclassifications		-	-	-		-		11,207		-		11,207
Depreciation charge	(	4,469) (	2,531) (	1,060)	(	1,209)	(	9,422)		-	(	18,691)
Net exchange differences	(	21)(	745) (	96)			,	195)			,	1,057)
Closing net book	(			96)			_	193)		<del>-</del>	(	1,037)
amount as at June 30	\$	320,528 \$	25,569 \$	9,262	\$	92,372	\$	32,141	\$	149,920	\$	629,792
June 30, 2017												
Cost	\$	429,196 \$	106,384 \$	20,567	\$	116,753	\$	62,921		149,920	\$	885,741
Accumulated	·	, ,		,		,	·	,		,	·	,
depreciation and	(	100 ((0) (	00.015\/	11 205)	,	24.201\	,	20.700\			,	255.040
impairment	(	108,668) (	80,815) (	11,305)	_	24,381)		30,780)	_	<u> </u>	( <u> </u>	255,949)
	\$	320,528 \$	25,569 \$	9,262	\$	92,372	\$	32,141	\$	149,920	\$	629,792

A. Amount of borrowing costs capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment were \$0 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

B. The significant components of buildings include main plants improvement and structure, which are depreciated over 10 and 50 years.

C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

(9) Short-term borrowings								
Type of borrowings	June	30,	2018	Inte	erest rate range		Collateral	
Unsecured Banking Loan	\$		554,692	0	.81%~3.25%	None		
Type of borrowings	Decemb	er	er 31, 2017		erest rate range		Collateral	
Unsecured Banking Loan	\$		734,730	1	.07%~2.91%	None		
Type of borrowings	June	30	, 2017	Inte	erest rate range		Collateral	
Unsecured Banking Loan	\$		781,738	0	.85%~2.28%		None	
(10) Accounts payable								
() <u> <b>F</b>u</u> , <u></u>			June 30, 2018	Γ	December 31, 2017		June 30, 2017	
Accounts payable	Accounts payable			\$	1,416,533	\$	1,137,206	
Estimated accounts payabl	e		169,170		216,888		295,627	
		\$	1,329,732	\$	\$ 1,633,421		1,432,833	
(11) Other payables								
			June 30, 2018	Γ	December 31, 2017		June 30, 2017	
Accrued salaries		\$	149,950	\$	192,151	\$	126,667	
Accrued employees' bonus	es and							
directors' remuneration			104,249		55,921		97,426	
Payables on equipment - F	ixed assets		5,761		8,675		5,356	
Payables on equipment - Ir	ntangible							
assets			47		-		14	
Dividends payables	Dividends payables		229,603	-			327,054	
Others	Others		91,881	80,2		_	61,922	
		\$	581,491	\$	336,968	\$	618,439	

#### (12) <u>Long-term borrowings</u>

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2018		
Mortgage borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 31, 2008 to July 31, 2023; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through August, 2010 to July, 2023.	1.22%	Note A	\$ 33,141		
Unsecured borrowing	Borrowing period is from July 31, 2008 to July 31, 2023; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through August, 2010 to					
Unsecured	July, 2023. Borrowing period is from January 25, 2017 to January 25, 2019; interest is	1.32%	None	8,843		
borrowing	repayable monthly and principal is repayable in January 2019. Borrowing period is from September	1.90%	None	20,000		
Mortgage borrowings	15, 2014 to September 15, 2019; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through December, 2014 to September, 2019. Borrowing period is from August 14,	1.40%	Note A Note B	225,000		
Unsecured borrowings	2017 to August 14, 2019; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through July, 2018 to July,	1.000	N	20,000		
Unsecured borrowings	2019. Borrowing period is from August 26, 2016 to August 26, 2018; interest is repayable monthly and principal is	1.60%	None	20,000		
Unsecured borrowings	repayable in August 2018.  Borrowing period is from June 14, 2017 to June 14, 2032; interest is repayable monthly and principal is	2.02%	None	10,000		
Martine la martine	repayable monthly through June, 2018 to June, 2032. Borrowing period is from July 13, 2017 to July 13, 2022; The principal is	1.45%	Note A	86,000		
Mortgage borrowings	repayable every 6 months in 8 installments.	1.20%	Note A	23,000 425,984		
Less: current portion				(84,267)		
				\$ 341,717		

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term Borrowing period is from July 31,	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2017
Mortgage borrowings	2008 to July 31, 2023; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through August, 2010 to July, 2023.  Borrowing period is from July 31,	1.22%	Note A	\$ 36,240
Unsecured borrowing	2008 to July 31, 2023; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through August, 2010 to July, 2023.	1.32%	None	9,667
Unsecured borrowing	Borrowing period is from January 25, 2017 to January 25, 2019; interest is repayable monthly and principal is	1.32/0	None	2,007
	repayable in January 2019. Borrowing period is from September	1.88%	None	20,000
Mortgage borrowings	15, 2014 to September 15, 2019; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through	4.000	Note A \	
Unsecured borrowings	December, 2014 to September, 2019. Borrowing period is from August 14, 2017 to August 14, 2019; interest is repayable monthly and principal is	1.39%	Note B	235,000
	repayable through July, 2018 to July, 2019.  Borrowing period is from August 26, 2016 in the control of the con	1.60%	None	20,000
Unsecured borrowings.	2016 to August 26, 2018; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable in August 2018.  Borrowing period is from June 14,	2.02%	None	10,000
Unsecured borrowings	2017 to June 14, 2032; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable monthly through June, 2018			
Mortgage borrowings	to June, 2032.  Borrowing period is from July 13, 2017 to July 13, 2022; The principal is repayable every 6 months in 8	1.45%	Note A	86,000
	installments.	1.20%	Note A	23,000
				439,907
Less: current portion				(48,266)
				\$ 391,641

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	Jun	e 30, 2017
Mortgage borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 31, 2008 to July 31, 2023; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through August, 2010 to July, 2023.	1.22%	Note A	\$	38,806
Unsecured borrowing	Borrowing period is from July 31, 2008 to July 31, 2023; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through August, 2010 to				
	July, 2023.	1.32%	None		10,349
Unsecured borrowing	Borrowing period is from January 25, 2017 to January 25, 2019; interest is repayable monthly and principal is				
	repayable in January 2019.  Borrowing period is from September	1.90%	None		20,000
Mortgage borrowings	15, 2014 to September 15, 2019; interest is repayable monthly and				
	principal is repayable through December, 2014 to September, 2019.	1.38%	Note A Note B		245,000
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from August 14, 2017 to August 14, 2019; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable through July, 2018 to July,	1.50%	Note B		213,000
	2019.	1.60%	None		20,000
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from August 26, 2016 to August 26, 2018; interest is repayable monthly and principal is				
-	repayable in August 2018.  Borrowing period is from June 14,	2.02%	None		10,000
Unsecured borrowings	2017 to June 14, 2032; interest is repayable monthly and principal is repayable monthly through June, 2018				
	to June, 2032.	1.45%	Note A		86,000
Less: current portion				(	430,155 27,827)
Less. current portion				\$	402,328

Note A: Details of long-term borrowings pledged as collateral are provided in Note 8.

- Note B:(a) In order to repay the existing financial liabilities and enrich the medium-term working capital, the Company entered into a comprehensive credit contract amounting to \$720 million with China Trust Commercial Bank on September 3, 2014. The Company also applied for a drawdown of \$300,000 from the credit line granted by China Trust Commercial Bank in September 2014.
  - (b) According to the notice of credit between the Company and China Trust Commercial Bank, the financial ratios in the Company's annual and semi-annual consolidated financial statements should be maintained as follows:
    - i . Current ratio: the ratio of current assets divided by current liabilities shall be maintained above 120% (inclusive).
    - ii . Gearing ratio: the ratio of total liabilities divided by tangible net worth shall not be more than 120%.
    - iii. Financial gearing ratio: the total of short-term borrowings, corporate bonds due within one year, mid and long-term borrowings due within one year and long-term

borrowings, divided by the tangible net worth shall not exceed 60%.

iv. Net tangible net worth: the shareholders' equity after deducting intangible assets shall not be less than NT\$2,200,000 (inclusive).

#### (13) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contributes monthly an amount equal to 7% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by the end of December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method, to the labors expected to be qualified for retirement next year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contribution for the deficit by next March.
  - (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognized pension costs of \$296, \$416, \$592 and \$832 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
  - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2018 are \$8,031.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries (APEX-I International Co., Ltd. and Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd.) have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
  - (b) Gallant Precision Industries (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., Gallant Micro. Machining (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., Gallant Precision Machinery (Xiamen)Co., Ltd., Gallant Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., Gallant Precision Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd. Gallant International Trading Co., Ltd. and Suzhou Jianmeifu Optical Co., Ltd., have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC.) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage was 10% to 20%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
- C. Gallant-Rapid Corpration Ltd., Gallant Micro Machining (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd., Ltd., King Mechatronics Co., Ltd., Chun-Zhun Enterprise Corpration Ltd., Gallant Precision Machinery (BVI) Ltd. did not have a pension plan.

D. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, were \$8,718, \$9,051, \$17,146 and \$17,571, respectively.

#### (14) Share capital

As of June 30, 2018, the Company's authorized capital was \$2,500,000, consisting of 250,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$1,651,361 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

		Unit: shares in thousands
	For the six-month period	For the six-month period
	ended June 30, 2018	ended June 30, 2017
At January 1/ At June 30	165,136	165,136

#### (15) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

#### Details of Capital surplus:

At January 1, 2018 and At June 30, 2018	Shar \$	e premium 127,167	Treasury share transactions \$ 31,399		Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed  11,750	\$	Net change in equity of associates  12,003	Emp.	loyee stock option 4,446	<u>\$</u>	Total 186,765
At January 1, 2017	Shar \$	e premium 193,222	Treasury share transactions \$ 31,399		Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed 1,879	\$	Net change in equity of associates 12,003	Emp.	loyee stock option 4,446	\$	Total 242,949
Capital reserve - distribute cash Difference between the price for acquisition of subsidiaries and	(	66,055)	-		-		-		-	(	66,055)
carrying amount				( _	798)	_	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	(	798)
At June 30, 2017	\$	127,167	\$ 31,399	\$	1,081	\$	12,003	\$	4,446	\$	176,096

#### (16) Retained earnings

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve and set aside a special reserve in accordance with applicable legal and regulatory requirement. Distributing the remaining amount plus prior year's retained earnings in the following order, but the ratios of the distribution of the aforementioned retained earnings and the cash dividend distribution shall be proposed by the Board of Directors based on the actual profit and capital situation of the current year, and proposed to the shareholders' meeting for resolution:

The ratio of cash dividend shall not be less than 10% of the shareholders' dividend.

- B. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- C. (a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
  - (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi Letter No. 1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently. Such amounts are reversed upon disposal or reclassified if the assets are investment property of land, and reversed over the use period if the assets are investment property other than land. As of the date of transition, the Company recognized \$132,987 special reserve.
- D. On June 22, 2018 and June 16, 2017, respectively, the shareholders resolved that total dividends for the distribution of earnings for the year of 2017 and 2018 were as following:

		2017				2016			
		Earnings per					Earnings per		
		Amount	sł	nare(In dollars)		Amount	sl	hare(In dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$	19,790	\$	-	\$	26,071	\$	-	
Special reserve	(	45,182)		-		45,182		-	
Cash dividends		200,966		1.217		231,391		1.4	
Total	\$	175,574	\$	1.217	\$	302,644	\$	1.4	

- E. The shareholders resolved that capital surplus used to distribute cash for the distribution of 2016 earning was \$66,055(\$0.4 (in dollars) per share), on June 16, 2017.
- F. For the information relating to employees' compensation (bonuses) and directors' and supervisors' remuneration please refer to Note 6(23).

# (17) Other equity items

		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018			
		Unrealised gains (losses) on valuation	Currency translation	Total	
At January 1	(\$	17,892)(\$	45,187)(\$	63,079)	
Effects of retrospective application					
Revaluation		42,288	-	42,288	
Revaluation transferred to retain earnings	ned (	5,032)	- (	5,032)	
Revaluation		2,020	-	2,020	
Disposal transferred to retained earnings		14,390	-	14,390	
Currency translation differences:-gre	oup	-	7,727	7,727	
At June 30	\$	35,774 (\$	37,460)(\$	1,686)	
		For the six-month p	eriod ended June 30,	2017	
		ilable-for-sale			
	-		rency translation	Total	
At January 1	(\$	12,784)(\$	32,398)(\$	45,182)	
Revaluation	(	5,538)	- (	5,538)	
Currency translation differences:		(	20.997\/	20.997)	
–group At June 30	(\$	18,322)(\$	30,887)( 63,285)(\$	30,887) 81,607)	
	( <u>a</u>	10,322)(\$	03,263)(\$	81,007)	
(18) Operating revenue					
			For the three-mended June		
Revenue from Contracts with Customers			\$	1,264,829	
			Es a de se s'		
			For the six-mo		
Revenue from Contracts with Customers			\$	2,577,933	

# A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines and geographical regions:

For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		Taiwan	China	Other	Total
Total segment revenue	\$	366,663	\$ 960,990	\$ 54,851	\$ 1,382,504
Inter-segment revenue	(	136,182)	18,426	 81	(117,675)
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	230,481	\$ 979,416	\$ 54,932	\$ 1,264,829
Timing of revenue recognition			 	 	
At a point in time	\$	206,551	\$ 974,021	\$ 54,319	\$ 1,234,891
Over time		23,930	 5,395	 613	29,938
	\$	230,481	\$ 979,416	\$ 54,932	\$ 1,264,829

For the six-month period ended				
June 30, 2018	<u>Taiwan</u>	China	Other	Total
Total segment revenue	\$ 1,412,291	\$ 1,313,536	\$ 61,819	\$ 2,787,646
Inter-segment revenue	(166,906)	$(\underline{}42,807)$		(209,713)
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 1,245,385	\$ 1,270,729	\$ 61,819	\$ 2,577,933
Timing of revenue recognition				
At a point in time	\$ 1,221,455	\$ 1,265,334	\$ 61,206	\$ 2,547,995
Over time	23,930	5,395	613	29,938
	\$ 1,245,385	\$ 1,270,729	\$ 61,819	\$ 2,577,933

#### B. Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities:

	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Contract liabilities:		
Contract liabilities-Deposit	\$	183,765

C. Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

	June 30, 2018
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	
Deposit	\$ 5,327
Total	\$ 5,327
	six-month period June 30, 2018
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	·
Deposit	\$ 132,687
Total	\$ 132,687

D. Related disclosures for the three-month period ended June 30, 2017 and the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 operating revenue are provided in Note 12(5) B.

#### (19) Other income

	 For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018	Fo	r the three-month period ended June 30, 2017
Interest income	\$ 4,027	\$	3,854
Rental revenue	4,100		6,336
Government grants revenue	4,906		5,419
Dividend income	1,868		-
Others	 764		1,317
Total	\$ 15,665	\$	16,926

		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Interest income	\$	8,261	\$	7,225
Rental revenue		8,713		12,351
Government grants revenue		9,795		14,383
Dividend income		1,868		-
Others		1,409		3,629
Total	\$	30,046	\$	37,588
(20) Other gains and losses				
		For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$	1)	)(\$	5)
Gains on disposal of investments		-		298
Net currency exchange gains(losses)	)	40,830	(	4,451)
Net gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		895		680
Others	(	61)	)(	121)
Total	\$	41,663	(\$	3,599)
		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$	38	)(\$	26)
Gains on disposal of investments		-		298
Net currency exchange gains(losses)	)	25,004	(	46,839)
Net gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		1,787		1,191
Others	(	70)	)(	138)
Total	\$	26,683	(\$	45,514)
(21) <u>Finance costs</u>				
		For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017
Interest expense	\$	5,415	\$	4,217
		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Interest expense	\$	10,823	\$	7,707

#### (22) Expenses by nature

	F	or the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017
Employee benefit expense	\$	229,599	\$	190,651
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment  Amortization charges on intangible	\$	7,899	\$	12,086
assets	\$	10,459	\$	7,141
	]	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Employee benefit expense	\$	445,978	\$	379,716
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$	15,657	\$	18,691
Amortization charges on intangible assets	\$	20,990	\$	14,415
(22) Employee honofit expanse				
(23) Employee benefit expense	F	or the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017
Wages and salaries	F 	-	\$	
		ended June 30, 2018		ended June 30, 2017
Wages and salaries		ended June 30, 2018 198,025		ended June 30, 2017 160,757
Wages and salaries Labour and health insurance fees		ended June 30, 2018 198,025 14,209		ended June 30, 2017 160,757 12,984
Wages and salaries Labour and health insurance fees Pension costs		ended June 30, 2018 198,025 14,209 9,014		ended June 30, 2017 160,757 12,984 9,467
Wages and salaries Labour and health insurance fees Pension costs	\$	ended June 30, 2018  198,025  14,209  9,014  8,351	\$	ended June 30, 2017 160,757 12,984 9,467 7,443
Wages and salaries Labour and health insurance fees Pension costs	\$	ended June 30, 2018  198,025  14,209  9,014  8,351  229,599  For the six-month period	\$	ended June 30, 2017  160,757  12,984  9,467  7,443  190,651  For the six-month period
Wages and salaries Labour and health insurance fees Pension costs Other personnel expenses	\$	ended June 30, 2018  198,025  14,209  9,014  8,351  229,599  For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	\$ <u>\$</u>	ended June 30, 2017  160,757  12,984  9,467  7,443  190,651  For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Wages and salaries Labour and health insurance fees Pension costs Other personnel expenses  Wages and salaries	\$	ended June 30, 2018  198,025  14,209  9,014  8,351  229,599  For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018  383,188	\$ <u>\$</u>	ended June 30, 2017  160,757  12,984  9,467  7,443  190,651  For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017  318,484  28,055  18,403
Wages and salaries Labour and health insurance fees Pension costs Other personnel expenses  Wages and salaries Labour and health insurance fees	\$	ended June 30, 2018  198,025  14,209  9,014  8,351  229,599  For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018  383,188  29,266	\$ <u>\$</u>	ended June 30, 2017  160,757  12,984  9,467  7,443  190,651  For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017  318,484  28,055

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall distribute not less than 1% and not more than 12% of its annual profit as the employee compensation, and not more than 3% of its annual profit as the director remuneration. However, if the Company has an accumulated deficit, then it should be offset first.

Employee remuneration could be paid by cash or shares, and entitled to receive the cash or shares may include the employees of subsidiaries of the Company meeting certain specific requirements.

The term "profit" used in the first paragraph refers to the profit before tax before deducting the employee compensation and director remuneration. The distribution of employee compensation and director remuneration shall be in a board meeting that registers two-thirds of directors in attendance, and the resolution must receive support from half of participating members. The resolution should be reported to the shareholders at shareholders' meeting.

B. For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, employees' remuneration was accrued at \$19,610, \$3,943, \$33,803 and \$8,169, respectively; directors' remuneration was accrued at \$3,922, \$789, \$6,761 and \$1,634, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.

The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 10% and 2% of profit of current year distributable for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The employees' compensation of \$24,301 and directors' and supervisors' of \$4,832 remuneration for June 22, 2018 as resolved by the meeting of Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2017 financial statements.

The employees' compensation of \$40,655 and directors' and supervisors' of \$8,133 remuneration for June 16, 2017 as resolved by the meeting of Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2016 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (24) Income tax

#### A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period Tax on undistributed surplus	\$ 15,101	\$ 39,562
earnings	-	1,963
Prior year income tax (over) underestimate	(11,847)	1,319
Total current tax	3,254	42,844
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	13,534	( 12,591)
Impact of changing in tax rate		
Total deferred tax	13,534	( 12,591)
Income tax expense	\$ 16,788	\$ 30,253

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 51,714	\$ 65,874
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	-	1,963
Prior year income tax (over) underestimate (	11,847)	1,320
Total current tax	39,867	69,157
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	7,380 (	( 30,005)
Impact of changing in tax rate (	6,375)	-
Total deferred tax	1,005	( 30,005)
Income tax expense	\$ 40,872	\$ 39,152

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	F 	or the three-month period ended June 30, 2018	 For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	\$	4,294	\$ 
		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	\$	4,294	\$ 

- B. The Company's income tax returns through 2015 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- C. The amendments to the Income Tax Act were promulgated and became effective on February 7, 2018. Under the amendments, the corporate income tax rate will be raised from 17% to 20% retroactively effective from January 1, 2018. The Group has accessed the impact of the change in income tax rate.

# (25) Earnings per share

		e 30, 2018			
		nount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)		Earnings per share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share					_
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$	172,253	165,136	\$	1.04
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares					
<ul> <li>Employees' bonus</li> <li>Profit attributable to ordinary</li> <li>shareholders of the parent plus</li> <li>assumed conversion of all dilutive</li> </ul>		<del></del> .	1,289		
potential ordinary shares	\$	172,253	166,425	\$	1.04
		For the thre	e-month period ended J	un	e 30, 2017
	Aı	nount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)		Earnings per share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	18,375	165,136	\$	0.11
Diluted earnings per share  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares - Employees' bonus			478		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	18,375	165,614	\$	0.11
1			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	
		For the six	-month period ended Ju	ıne	30, 2018
	Aı	nount after	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)		Earnings per share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			(chart in thousands)		(=== 0.0 =====)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share	\$	278,387	165,136	\$	1.69
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares - Employees' bonus		_	1,856		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive			1,000		
potential ordinary shares	\$	278,387	166,992	\$	1.67

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017					
		nount after	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)		arnings per share in dollars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent	\$	49,313	165,136	\$	0.30	
Diluted earnings per share						
Assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares						
- Employees' bonus			1,083			
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent plus						
assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares	\$	49,313	166,219	\$	0.30	

#### (26) Transactions with non-controlling interest

Acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary

On May 12, 2017, the Group acquired additional 5.88% shares of its subsidiary—APEX-I Internation Co., Ltd. at total cash consideration of \$3,833. The carrying amount of non-controlling interest in APEX-I Internation Co., Ltd. was \$3,035 at the acquisition date. This transaction resulted in a decrease in the non-controlling interest by \$3,035 and a decrease in the equity attributable to owners of the parent by (\$798). The effect of changes in interests in APEX-I Internation Co., Ltd. on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 is shown below:

	For the s	ix-month period
	ended	June 30, 2017
Carrying amount of non-controlling interest acquired	\$	3,035
Consideration paid to non-controlling interest	(	3,833)
Capital surplus		
- difference between proceeds on actual acquisition of or disposal		
of equity interest in a subsidiary and its carrying amount	(\$	798)

#### (27) Operating leases

A. The Group leases Central Taiwan Science Park plant and Hsinchu Science Park office assets to others under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The future aggregate minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	June	30, 2018	Decer	nber 31, 2017	June	30, 2017
Not later than one year	\$	14,961	\$	15,336	\$	17,871
Later than one year but not later						
than five years		27,429		49,871		59,845
Later than five years		_				4,987
	\$	42,390	\$	65,207	\$	82,703

B. The Group leases in plant assets under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The lease terms are between 2013 and 2024 years. The Group recognized rental expenses of \$6,350,

\$6,744, \$12,535 and \$12,030 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	June 30, 2018		Decer	mber 31, 2017	June 30, 2017		
Not later than one year	\$	19,281	\$	17,451	\$	17,719	
Later than one year but not later							
than five years		48,840		47,855		50,691	
Later than five years		15,673		40,729		43,921	
	\$	83,794	\$	106,035	\$	112,331	

#### (28) Supplemental cash flow information

# A. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018			For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	12,928	\$	160,004
Add: opening balance of payable on equipment		8,675		1,803
Less: ending balance of payable on equipment	(	5,761)	(	5,356)
Cash paid during the period	\$	15,842	\$	·
	F	for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Acquisition of intangible assets	\$	4,138	\$	1,751
Add: opening balance of payable on equipment		-		50
Less: ending balance of payable on	,	4>		
equipment	(	47)	(_	<u> </u>
Cash paid during the period	\$	4,091	\$	1,787

# B. Financing activities with cash flow effects

		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	]	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017		
Cash dividend distribution	\$	229,603	\$	327,054		
Less: ending balance of payable on	,			227.07.1		
other	(	229,603)	(	327,054)		
Cash dividend paid	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>		

# (29) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

						Guarantee		Liabilities from
	S	hort-term	I	Long-term		deposits		financing
	b	orrowings	b	orrowings	_	received		activities-gross
At January 1, 2018	\$	734,730	\$	439,907	\$	4,103	\$	1,178,740
Changes in cash flow from								
financing activities	(	180,038)	(	13,923)	)( <u> </u>	1,668)	)(	195,629)
At June 30, 2018	\$	554,692	\$	425,984	\$	2,435	\$	983,111

# 7. <u>RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

# (1) Names and relationship of related parties

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Hitachi Zosen GPM Technology (Suzhou) Co.,Ltd.	Associates
Sunengine Co., Ltd.	Associates
Fujian Chengzhe Automation Technology Co.Ltd	Substantive related party

# (2) Significant related party transactions

# A. Operating revenue:

	For the three- ended June	*	or the three-month period ended June 30, 2017
Sales of goods:			
Associates	\$	- \$	287
	For the six-n ended June	-	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
Sales of goods:			
Associates	\$	- \$	579

The transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries with related parties and non-related parties are subject to the terms and conditions agreed upon by both parties. The receivables to the related parties are due 90 days after the date of shipment, made on a monthly basis.

#### B. Purchases:

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018			For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017			
Purchases of goods:							
Substantive related party	\$		13,734	\$			
	F	For the six-m ended Ju	onth period ne 30, 2018		the six-more	-	
Purchases of goods:							
Substantive related party	\$		17,008	\$		_	
C. Receivables from related parties:							
	June	30, 2018	December	31, 2017	June 30,	2017	
Accounts receivable: Associates	\$	_	\$		\$	190	
D. Payables to related parties:							
	June	30, 2018	December	31, 2017	June 30,	2017	
Accounts payable:							
Substantive related party	\$	17,289	\$	4,416	\$	_	
Other accounts payable:							
Substantive related party	\$	5	\$	_	\$	_	

# E. Other transactions:

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018						
		Items		A	Amount		
Substantive related party	Research a	Research and development expenses					
Associates	Rental exp	penses		\$	30		
	Fo	or the six-month per	iod ended J	June 30,	2018		
		Items		A	Amount		
Substantive related party	Research a	and development expens	ses	\$	2,274		
Associates	Rental exp	penses		\$	30		
(3) Key management compensation							
	For the t	three-month period	For the	three-mo	onth period		
	ende	d June 30, 2018	ende	ed June 3	0, 2017		
Payroll and Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	5,727	\$		5,012		
Post-employment benefits		304			263		
Total	\$	6,031	\$		5,275		
	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017				
Payroll and Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	21,896	\$		20,504		
Post-employment benefits		524			518		
Total	\$	22,420	\$		21,022		

# 8. <u>PLEDGED ASSETS</u>

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value						
Pledged asset	Jui	ne 30, 2018	Ι	December 31, 2017		June 30, 2017	Purpose
Time deposits (shown as "other current assets")	\$	-	\$	13,987	\$	29,323	Exercise guarantee for construction
Time deposits (shown as "other non-current assets")		-		18,388		16,095	Exercise guarantee for construction and customs deposit
Time deposits (shown as "financial assets at amortised cost-current")		36,347		-		-	Exercise guarantee for construction
Time deposits (shown as "financial assets at amortised cost							Exercise guarantee for construction and customs deposit
non-current")		11,078		-		-	•
Property, plant and equipment Construction in progress and		546,862		553,666		411,553	Long-term borrowings
equipment under							Long-term
installation		-		6,877		149,920	borrowings
	\$	594,287	\$	592,918	\$	606,891	-

# 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS</u>

#### (1) Contingent liabilities

- A. As of June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the bank open a guarantee letter for the Company due to business tender and guarantee for construction amounting to \$144,558, \$106,124 and \$102,047, respectively.
- B. The Group's customer, China Chongqing Chongmei Huashixin Electronic Manufacturing Co., Ltd., purchased equipment products from the Company. However the customer was unwilling to sign the confirmation of acceptance and pay the rest payment to the Company and its subsidiary due to operation issues. The case has been submitted to China Chongqing Arbitration Commission for judgment in November, 2017. In June 2018, the Arbitration Commission has rejected the claim for the payment. As the Group has recognized allowance for related bad debts from 2015 to 2017, there is no impact to the Group's operation and financial performance.

#### (2) <u>Unrecognized contract commitments</u>

- A. Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows: None.
- B. Operating lease commitments: please refer to note 6(27).

#### 10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

#### 11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

#### 12. OTHERS

#### (1) Capital management

No significant change was made during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018. For more information, please refer to note 12 in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

# (2) Financial instruments

# A. Financial instruments by category

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Financial assets			
Financial assets measured at fair			
value through profit or loss			
Financial assets mandatorily	\$ 405,919	\$ -	\$ -
measured at fair value through			
profit or loss			
Financial assets held for trading	-	32,676	122,075
Financial assets at fair value			
through other comprehensive			
income			
Designation of equity			
instrument	120,350	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	12,908	14,179
Financial assets at cost	-	66,419	66,419
Financial assets at amortised			
cost/Loans and receivables			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,071,843	1,071,799	911,785
Financial assets at amortised			
cost	885,400	-	-
Investments in debt instruments			
without active markets	-	963,980	965,082
Notes receivables	41,062	38,138	15,938
Accounts receivables	1,593,739	1,546,436	1,476,070
Other accounts receivables	96,786	8,076	10,396
Guarantee deposits paid	8,812	6,041	8,634
Other financial assets		32,375	45,418
	\$ 4,223,911	\$ 3,778,848	\$ 3,635,996
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised			
cost			
Short-term borrowings	\$ 554,692	\$ 734,730	\$ 781,738
Accounts payable	1,347,021	1,637,837	1,432,833
Other accounts payable	581,496	336,968	618,439
Long-term borrowings			
(including current portion)	425,984	439,907	430,155
Guarantee deposits received	2,435	4,103	4,103
	\$ 2,911,628	\$ 3,153,545	\$ 3,267,268

# B. Financial risk management policies

No significant change was made during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018. For more information, please refer to note 12 in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

There was no significant change in the reporting period. Please refer to Note 12 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, except for the items explained below:

#### (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

i . The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB and MYR). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	June 30, 2018							
	Fo	oreign currency amount			Book value			
	(	In thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)			
(Foreign currency: functional		,						
currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	31,796	30.46	\$	968,496			
JPY:NTD		863,988	0.2754		237,942			
RMB:NTD		27,249	4.593		125,155			
SGD:NTD		167	22.34		3,727			
EUR:NTD		31	35.4		1,081			
USD: RMB		7,337	6.6318		223,478			
Non-monetary items: None								
Financial liability								
Monetary items USD:NTD	\$	16766	20.46	Φ	510 607			
JPY:NTD	Ф	16,766	30.46	Ф	510,687			
		399,527	0.2754		110,030			
RMB:NTD		5,347	4.593		24,560			
EUR:NTD		476	35.4		16,858			
USD: RMB		286	6.6318		8,714			
Non-monetary items: None								

		Г	December 31, 2017	7	
		eign currency amount n thousands)	Exchange rate		Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional					
currency)					
Financial assets  Manataguitagus					
Monetary items USD:NTD	\$	12.026	20.76	Φ	1 277 796
JPY:NTD	\$	42,936 712,360	29.76 0.2642	<b>&gt;</b>	1,277,786
RMB:NTD		41,781	4.565		188,205 190,732
SGD:NTD		128	22.26		2,847
EUR:NTD		61	35.57		2,158
USD: RMB		9,973	6.5192		296,783
Non-monetary items: None		7,773	0.5172		270,703
Financial liability					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	18,351	29.76	\$	546,117
JPY:NTD	4	182,675	0.2642	_	48,263
RMB:NTD		963	4.565		4,398
EUR:NTD		156	35.57		5,537
USD: RMB		142	6.5192		4,235
Non-monetary items: None					,
			T 20 2017		
			June 30, 2017		
	For	eign currency	June 30, 2017		D 1 1
		amount			Book value
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			Exchange rate	_	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency) Financial assets		amount			
currency)		amount			
currency) <u>Financial assets</u>		amount		\$	
currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u>	<u>(I</u> 1	amount n thousands)	Exchange rate	\$	(NTD)
currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD:NTD	<u>(I</u> 1	amount n thousands) 59,563	Exchange rate 30.42	\$	(NTD) 1,811,912
currency) Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD	<u>(I</u> 1	amount n thousands) 59,563 65,200	Exchange rate 30.42 0.2716	\$	(NTD) 1,811,912 17,708
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228 56	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72	\$	1,811,912 17,708 68,620
currency) Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1	\$	1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Non-monetary items: None	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228 56	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72	\$	1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028 1,943
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Non-monetary items: None Financial liability	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228 56	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72	\$	1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028 1,943
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Non-monetary items: None Financial liability Monetary items	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228 56 10,057	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72 6.7811		1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028 1,943 305,937
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Non-monetary items: None Financial liability Monetary items USD:NTD	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228 56 10,057	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72 6.7811		1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028 1,943 305,937
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Non-monetary items: None Financial liability Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228 56 10,057	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72 6.7811		1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028 1,943 305,937
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Non-monetary items: None Financial liability Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228 56 10,057	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72 6.7811 30.42 0.2716 4.486		1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028 1,943 305,937 3,751,421 182,974 48,913
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Non-monetary items: None Financial liability Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD RMB:NTD EUR:NTD	<u>(I</u> 1	39,563 65,200 15,297 228 56 10,057 123,321 673,689 10,903 555	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72 6.7811 30.42 0.2716 4.486 34.72		1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028 1,943 305,937 3,751,421 182,974 48,913 19,273
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Non-monetary items: None Financial liability Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD	<u>(I</u> 1	59,563 65,200 15,297 228 56 10,057	30.42 0.2716 4.486 22.1 34.72 6.7811 30.42 0.2716 4.486		1,811,912 17,708 68,620 5,028 1,943 305,937 3,751,421 182,974 48,913

- ii . The unrealized exchange gain, including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, amounted \$40,830, (\$4,451), \$25,004 and (\$46,839), respectively.
- iii. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

variation:				
_	For the six-	-month p	eriod ended J	une 30, 2018
		Sensiti	vity analysis	
	Degree of variation	Effe	ect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> Monetary items				
USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB Financial liability Monetary items	1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	\$	9,685 2,379 1,252 37 11 2,235	\$ - - - - -
USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB	1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	(\$ ( (	5,107) 1,100) 246) 169) 87)	\$ - - - -
	For the six-	-month p	eriod ended J	une 30, 2017
<del>-</del>	Degree of variation		ect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD:NTD	1%	\$	18,119	\$ -
JPY:NTD RMB:NTD SGD:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB <u>Financial liability</u>	1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	Ψ	177 686 50 19 3,059	- - -
Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD EUR:NTD USD: RMB	1% 1% 1% 1%	(\$ ( (	37,514) 1,830) 489) 193) 20)	\$ - - - -

#### Price risk

- A. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and available-for-sale financial assets. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- B. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and unlisted stocks. shares and open-end funds issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 would have increased/decreased by \$4,059 and \$1,221, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$1,203 and \$142, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities other comprehensive income classified as available-for sale equity investment and available-for-sale financial assets equity investment at fair value thorugh other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from short-term and long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. During the periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in the NTD, JPY, USD. If the interest rate had increased/decreased by 1%, the amount of cash flow out for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 would have increased/decreased by \$6,745 and \$8,686, respectively.

#### (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost, at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. The Group adopts following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
  - If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a

significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
  - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
  - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customer's accounts receivable, in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the simplified approach using provision matrix, loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vii.The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- viii. The Group used the forecastability of Panel industry research report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. On June 30, 2018, the provision matrix is as follows:

At June 30, 2018		Without		Up to		Up to	Up to		
At Julic 30, 2016		past due		0 -90 days		91 -120 days	120 days		Total
Expected loss rate	(	0.01%-0.35%	(	0.01%-13.77%	(	0.13%-16.87%	0.46%-100%		
Total book value	\$	1,346,667	\$	61,047	\$	166,853	\$ 209,955	\$1	,784,522
Loss allowance	\$	948	\$	2,639	\$	13,078	\$ 174,118	\$	190,783

ix. Movements in relation to the group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	For the six-month per ended June 30, 201		
	Accou	unts receivable	
At January 1_IAS 39	\$	194,559	
Adjustments under new standards		-	
At January 1_IFRS 9	,	194,559	
Provision for impairment		11,964	
Reversal of impairment loss	(	16,023)	
Effect of foreign exchange		283	
At June 30	\$	190,783	

The abovementioned provision amounts took positive overall economic factor and other credit enhancement into account, thus, the reversal of impairment of credit loss are \$4,059 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018.

x. For investments in debt instruments at amortised cost and the credit rating levels are presented below:

		For the six-month period ended June 30						
				Lifet	im	e		
				Significant		-		
	1	2 months		increase in credit risk	-	Impairment of credit		Total
Financial assets at amortised cost								
Group 1	\$	99,795	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,795
Group 2		693,014		-		-		693,014
Group 3		92,591		-		-		92,591
	\$	885,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	885,400

Group 3:Taiwai Bank

Group 3:China Bank

Group 3:Other regional Bank

xi. Credit risk information of 2017 is provided in Note 12(4)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

- i . Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, beneficiary certificates and No active market of debt securities investment (Later than three mouth but not later than one years of deposit account), choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the Group held money market position of \$2,315,151, \$2,067,859 and \$1,998,350, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. The Company has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017		June 30, 2017
Floating rate:					
Expiring within one year	\$	1,701,210	\$ 1,423,902	\$	1,133,294
Expiring beyond one year		118,016	84,093		70,845
	\$	1,819,226	\$ 1,507,995	\$	1,204,139

The facilities expiring within one year are annual facilities subject to review at various dates during 2018. The other facilities have been arranged to help finance the proposed equipment manufacturing and research and development business activities of the Group. Please refer to note 12.

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:					
June 30, 2018	Less than 3 months	3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 395,082			\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	679,409	347,914	-	302,409	-
Other payables (including related parties)	482,924	96,771	1,341	460	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	22,355	67,410	230,544	60,989	59,626
Non-derivative financial liabilities:					
December 31, 2017	Less than 3 months	3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 499,030	\$ 235,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	762,763	305,928	-	564,730	-
Other payables (including related parties)	272,923	62,272	1,773	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	9,351	38,456	278,983	61,988	69,406
Non-derivative financial liabilities:					
June 30, 2017	Less than 3 months	3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 404,200	\$ 377,538	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	655,054	397,206	-	380,573	-
Other payables (including related parties)	527,662	89,863	914	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	8,494	25,343	89,061	252,291	75,012
Derivative financial liabilities:					

June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017, June 30, 2017: None.

#### (3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks, beneficiary certificates, is included in Level 1
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in most derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and investment property is included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, guarantee deposits paid, deposit account(over 3 months), short-term borrowings, contract liabilities, accounts payable, other payables, lease payments (shown as other current assets and other non-current assets) and long-term borrowings (including current portion) are approximate to their fair values.

- C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:
  - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

June 30, 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 405,919	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 405,919
Financial assets at fair value through	Ψ 103,717	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ 105,717
other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	<u>-</u>		120,350	120,350
Total	\$ 405,919	\$ -	\$ 120,350	\$ 526,269
Liabilities				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss: none				
December 31, 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	¢ 22.676	¢	ф	ф 20. <i>с</i> 7.с
Beneficiary certificates Available-for-sale financial assets	\$ 32,676	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,676
Equity securities		11,627	1,281	12,908
Total	\$ 32,676	\$ 11,627		\$ 45,584
Liabilities	Ψ 32,070	Ψ 11,027	Ψ 1,201	Ψ 13,301
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss: none				
June 30, 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 122,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 122,075
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Equity securities	-	12,785	1,394	14,179
Total	\$ 122,075	\$ 12,785	\$ 1,394	\$ 136,254
Liabilities				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: none				
anough prom or loss . none				

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
  - i . The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

		Closed-end	Open-end
	Listed shares	fund	fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Closing price	Net asset value

- i i. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date (i.e. yield curves on the Taipei Exchange, average commercial paper interest rates quoted from Reuters).
- iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- iv. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models.
- v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- D. For the June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- E. The following chart is the financial instruments movement of Level 3 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
		equity instrument		equity instrument
At January 1	\$	129,003	\$	1,394
Gains and losses recognized in	other			
comprehensive income	(	8,653)		
At June 30	\$	120,350	\$	1,394

- F. For the six month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- G. Finance segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

Desirative equity instruments	June 30, 2018	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 59,181	Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple	0.94~2.48	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
Derivative equity instrument:	December 31, 2017	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Unlisted shares	\$ 1,281	Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple	1.13~1.15	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
Derivative equity instrument:	June 30, 2017	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Unlisted shares	\$ 1,394	Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple	1.20~1.22	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value; therefore, the fair value measurement is reasonable. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in difference measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			June 30, 2018						
					Recogniz	zed in other			
			Recognized	in profit or loss	compreher	nsive income			
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable			
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change			
Financial assets									
Equity instrument	Price to book ratio multiple	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8	(\$ 10)			
	r		· <del></del>		<u> </u>				

			December 31, 2017						
					Recogniz	ed in other			
			Recognized	in profit or loss	compreher	sive income			
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable			
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change			
Financial assets									
Equity	Price to book	. 10/							
instrument	ratio multiple	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12	(\$ 13)			
				June 3	0, 2017				
					Recogniz	ed in other			
			Recognized	in profit or loss	compreher	sive income			
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable			
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change			
Financial assets									
Equity instrument	Price to book ratio multiple	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11	(\$ 9)			

#### (4) Effects on initial application of IFRS 9 and the information of application of IAS 39 in 2017.

- A. For information of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at cost, loan and receivables and impairment loss of financial assets, please refer to note 4 in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.
- B. The reconciliations of carrying amount of financial assets transferred from December 31, 2017, IAS 39, to January 1, 2018, IFRS 9, were as follows:

IAS 39		Measured at fair value prough profit or loss 32,676	va	equity Measured at fair lue through other comprehensive income-equity  12,908	Measured at cost 66,419	8	Measured at amortised cost	\$	Debt instrument without active market 963,980	<b>.</b>	Total	Retained earnings	Other equity
Transferred into and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income-equity	Ψ	-	Ψ	66,419 (	66,419)		_	Ψ	-	P	-	-	-
Transferred into and measured at amortised cost Fair value adjustment Impairment loss		-		49,676	-		996,355	(	963,980)		32,375 49,676		49,676
adjustment IFRS 9	\$	32,676	\$	129,003	\$ 	\$	996,355	\$		\$	1,158,034 \$	5,032 (	5,032) 18,435)
	_		_					_		_			

C. The reconcilation of allowance for impairment and provision from December 31, 2017, as these are impaired under IAS 39, to January 1, 2018, as these are expected to be impaired under IFRS9, are as follows:

11 1105, 410 405 10110 1151				
	Availab	le-for-sale		
		at fair value rofit or loss		Total
IAS 39/IAS 37 Transfer into and measured at fair value through other	\$	5,032	\$	5,032
comprehensive income	(	5,032)	(	5,032)
IFRS 9	\$	_	\$	_

# D. The significant accounts as of December 31, 2017 and in the 2<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2017 are as follows:

#### (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Dec	ember 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Current items:		_	
Financial assets held for trading			
Beneficiary certificates	\$	29,850	\$ 120,511
Valuation adjustment		2,826	1,564
	\$	32,676	\$ 122,075

The Group recognised net profit amounting to 680 and 1,191 on financial assets held for trading for the three-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

#### (b) Available-for-sale financial assets

Items	Decer	mber 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Non-current items:		_	_
Listed stocks	\$	28,345 \$	-
Emerging stocks		-	30,046
Non-listed stocks		7,487	7,487
Subtotal		35,832	37,533
Valuation adjustment	(	17,892)(	18,322)
Accumulated impairment	(	5,032)(	5,032)
Total	\$	12,908 \$	14,179

The Group recognised (\$4,865) and (\$5,476) in other comprehensive income for fair value change and reclassified \$0 from equity to profit or loss for the three-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

#### (c) Financial assets at cost

Items		December 31, 2017	 June 30, 2017
Non-current items:			
PHOENIX & CORPORATION POWER EVER ENTERPRISES	\$	29,988	\$ 29,988
LIMITED		36,431	 36,431
Total	\$	66,419	\$ 66,419

According to the Group's intention, its investment in foresaid mentioned Corporation stocks should be classified as 'available-for-sale financial assets'. However, as foresaid mentioned Corporation stocks are not traded in active market, and no sufficient industry information of companies similar to foresaid mentioned Corporation or foresaid mentioned Corporation's financial information cannot be obtained, the fair value of the investment in foresaid mentioned Corporation stocks cannot be measured reliably. The Group classified those stocks as 'financial assets measured at cost'.

(d) Investments in debt instruments without active markets

Items	Dece	mber 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Current items:			
Time deposit	\$	963,980	\$ 965,082

- i. The Group listed time deposits for 3 to 9 months in this item.
- ii. The Group transacts with financial institutions with high credit quality
- iii. As of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the Group has no investments in debt instrument without active markets pledged to others.
- E. Credit risk information as of December 31, 2017 and in the 2<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2017 are as follows:
  - (a) Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables. For banks and financial institutions, only transparency financial institutions are accepted.
  - (b) For the 2<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2017, no credit limits were exceeded during the reporting periods, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.
  - (c) The credit quality of accounts receivable that were neither past due nor impaired was in the following categories based on the Group's Credit Quality Control Policy:

	Dece	December 31, 2017		June 30, 2017
Group 1	\$	90,983	\$	18,594
Group 2		912,859		714,780
Group 3		341,711		497,386
	\$	1,345,553	\$	1,230,760

- Group 1: New customers (less than 6 months from the first transaction).
- Group 2: Existing customers (more than 6 months from the first transaction) which were listed companies.
- Group 3: Existing customers (more than 6 months from the first transaction) which were private companies.

(d) The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Decei	mber 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Up to 30 days	\$	43,462	\$ 94,493
31 to 90 days		34,578	47,279
91 to 180 days		93,564	51,730
Over 181 days		29,279	 51,618
	\$	200,883	\$ 245,120

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- (e) Movement analysis of financial assets that were impaired is as follows:
  - i . As of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the Group's accounts receivable that were impaired amounted to \$194,558 and \$217,506, respectively.
  - ii. Movements in the provision for impairment of accounts receivable are as follows:

	2017										
	Individ	dual provision		Group provision		Total					
At January 1	\$	829	\$	152,866	\$	153,695					
Provision for impairment		82		64,929		65,011					
Effect of foreign exchange			(	1,200)	(	1,200)					
At June 30	\$	911	\$	216,595	\$	217,506					

- (5) Effects of initial application of IFRS 15 and information of application of IAS 11 and IAS 18 in 2017
  - A. The significant accounting policies applied on revenue recognition for the six month period ended June 30, 2017 are provided on note 4 of the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2017.
  - B. The revenue recognised by using above accounting policies for the 2<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2017 are as follows:

	For the three-mon	th period ended June 30, 2017
Sales of goods	\$	1,074,825
Technical service revenue		63,768
Totle	\$	1,138,593
	For the six-month	n period ended June 30, 2017
Sales of goods	\$	2,286,043
Technical service revenue		91,828
Totle	\$	2,377,871

C. The effects and description of current balance sheets and comprehensive income statements if the Group continues adopting above accounting policies are as follows:

		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018									
				Balance by		Effects from					
				using previous		chages in					
		Bal	ance by	accounting		accounting					
Balance sheet items	Description	using	; IFRS 15	policies		policy					
Contract liabilities	(a)	\$	185,765	\$ -	\$	185,765					
Advance sales receipts	(a)		-	185,765	(	185,765)					

There is no material impact to current comprehensive income statements if the Group continues adopting above accounting policies.

(a) In accordance with IFRS 15, the Group recognizes contract liabilities related to selling products, but recognized receipts in advance.

#### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

#### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 1.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 2.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paidin capital or more: Please refer to table 3.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 4.

#### (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 5.

#### (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 6.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 7.

#### 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### (1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions.

There is no material change in the Group's segment, classified basis and measurement of segment information.

# (2) <u>Information about segment</u>

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

# Six month period ended June 30, 2018

	Gallant			Gallant	Gallant		Chun-Zhun					
	Precision	C	Gallant-Rapid	Micro.	Precision		Enterprise		APEX-I			
	Machining	(	Corporation	Machining	Machinery		Corpration	]	International			
	Co., Ltd		Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	(BVI)Ltd.		(BVI)Ltd.		Co., Ltd.	(	elimination	Amount
Revenue from external								_				
customers	\$ 2,088,447	\$	58,474	\$ 427,865	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,147	\$	- \$	2,577,933
Inter-segment												
revenue	\$ 8,550	\$	109,641	\$ 	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	(\$	118,191) \$	
Segment income	\$ 293,668	( <u>\$</u>	8,579)	\$ 100,031	\$ 3,501	( <u>\$</u>	199)	( <u>\$</u>	713)	(\$	49,194) \$	338,515
Total segment	 _		_	 _	_		_					<u>.</u>
assets	\$ 5,019,902	\$	459,111	\$ 1,539,974	\$ 392,148	\$	14,391	\$	69,488	(\$	1,243,290) \$	6,251,724

# Six month period ended June 30, 2017

		Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd		Gallant-Rapid Corporation Ltd.		Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd.		Gallant Precision Machinery (BVI)Ltd.		Chun-Zhun Enterprise Corpration (BVI)Ltd.		APEX-I nternational Co., Ltd.		elimination	1	Amount
Revenue from external customers	\$	1,816,739	\$	25,790	\$	515,058	\$		\$		\$	20,284	\$	- \$	S 2	2,377,871
Inter-segment revenue Segment income	<u>\$</u>	19,984 61,230		105,353 59,451)	_	95,799	<u>\$</u>	2,943	<u>\$</u> (\$	235)	<u>\$</u>	1,260	( <u>\$</u>	125,337) <u>\$</u> 4,231 \$	<u>S</u>	105,777
Total segment assets	\$	5,132,227	`	424,913		1,416,473		376,412	`	14,122		75,124	(\$	1,404,065) \$	6 (	,

#### (3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

A. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

A reconciliation of reportable segment income or loss to the income/(loss) before tax from continuing operations for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 is provided as follows:

	]	For the six-month period	F	For the six-month period
		ended June 30, 2018		ended June 30, 2017
Reportable segments income/(loss)	\$	387,709	\$	101,546
Other		49,194		4,231
Income/(loss) before tax from				
continuing operations	\$	338,515	\$	105,777

B. The amounts provided to the chief operating decision-maker with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements.

A reconciliation of assets of reportable segment and total assets is as follow:

		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017					
Assets of reportable segments	\$	7,495,014	\$	7,439,271				
Elimination of intersegment assets	(	1,243,290)(		1,404,065)				
Total assets	\$	6,251,724	\$	6,035,206				

#### Table 1

# GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

		Guaranteed Pa	arty											
Guar	sement/ rantee vider	Name	Nature of Relationship	Limits on Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Provided to Each Guaranteed Party(Note1)	Maximum Balance for the Period Party(Note2)	Ending Balance	Amount Actually Drawn	Amount of Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties	Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity per Latest Financial Statements	Maximum Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Allowable	Guarantee Provided by Parent Company	Guarantee Provided by A Subsidiary	Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China	Footnote
0 Gal Prec Machin		PEX-I International Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	\$ 469,500	\$ 258,974	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ -	8.52	\$ 1,173,749	Y	A Subsidiary N	N N	roomote

Note1: Total endorsement/ guarantee amount limits shall not exceed 50% of the net worth of the Company. The total endorsement/ guarantee amount to a company shall not exceed 20% of the net worth of the Company.

Note2: Limits on endorsement/ guarantee amount is based on the amount of the endorsement/ guarantee contract or notes were signed between guaranteed party and financial institutions.

Table 2

# GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD(NOT INCLUDING SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES) JUNE 30, 2018

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

June 30, 2017

Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Fair Value	Footnote
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Power Fund-class A	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	40,000		- \$	3,345	Toomote
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Union Money Market	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	3,806,884	50,079	-	50,079	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	UPAMC James Bond Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	1,804,783	30,047	-	30,047	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Jihsun Monetary Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	4,071,772	60,096	-	60,096	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	FSITC Taiwan Money Market	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	3,943,270	60,098	-	60,098	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Prudential Financial Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	3,814,004	60,098	-	60,098	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Capital Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	3,114,721	50,065	-	50,065	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Mega Diamond Money Market	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	6,010,290	75,091	-	75,091	
Gallant-Rapid Corpration Ltd.	Phoenix & Corporation	-	Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	669,375	61,168	1.02	61,168	
King Mechatronics Co., Ltd.	POWER EVER ENTFRPRISES LIMITED	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current	624,726	57,900	10.15	57,900	
APEX-I International Co., Ltd.	Jihsun Monetary Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current	271,435	4,006	-	4,006	
APEX-I International Co., Ltd.	Mega Diamond Money Market	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current	640,831	8,006	-	8,006	
APEX-I International Co., Ltd.	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current	353,434	5,002	-	5,002	
APEX-I International Co., Ltd.	Shinyu Light Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current	286,891	1,282	2.73	1,282	

#### Table 3

# GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Intercompany Transactions

No. (Note 1)	Company Name	Counter Party	Nature of Relationship (Note 2)	Financial Statements Item	Amount	Terms	Percentage of Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Assets(Note 3)
0	Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd	Gallant Precision Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.	1	Purchases	\$ 93,807	subject to the terms and conditions agreed upon by both parties	3.64
0	Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd	Gallant Precision Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	17,792	subject to the terms and conditions agreed upon by both parties	0.28
1	Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd.	King Mechatronics Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	36,077	subject to the terms and conditions agreed upon by both parties	1.40
1	Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd.	King Mechatronics Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	29,033	subject to the terms and conditions agreed upon by both parties	0.46
1	Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd.	King Mechatronics Co., Ltd.	3	Purchases	21,315	subject to the terms and conditions agreed upon by both parties	0.83

Note 1: The information of transactions between the Company and the consolidated subsidiaries should be noted in "Number" column.

- (1) Number 0 represents the Company.
- (2) The consolidated subsidiaries are numbered in order from number 1.

Note 2: The transaction relationships with the counterparties are as follows:

- (1) The Company to the consolidated subsidiaries.
- (2) The consolidated subsidiaries to the Company.
- (3) The consolidated subsidiaries to another consolidated subsidiaries.

Note3: In calculating the ratio, the transaction amount is divided by consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and is divided by consolidated total revenues for income statement accounts.

Note4: The information only disclosing for the amount of transactions are more than \$10,000 and counter parties shall not disclose.

Table 4

# GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA)

# FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

				 Original Investment Amount			Balance as of June 30, 2018							
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	June 30, 2018	Dec	cember 31, 2017	Shares	Percentage of Ownership		Carrying Value	Ne	et Income (Losses) of the Investee	Share of Profits/ Losses of Investee	Footnote
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Gallant-Rapid Corpration Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investing in Gallant Precision Industries (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	\$ 428,150	\$	517,940	12,560,000	100.00	\$	224,111	(\$	22,943) (\$	22,943)	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Gallant Precision Machinery (BVI)Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment Gallant Precision Machinery (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	660,506		660,506	20,289,000	100.00		392,469		3,502	3,502	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	APEX-I International Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Marketing and selling of process equipment of LCD and related parts.	46,657		46,657	6,600,000	100.00		65,297	(	713) (	713)	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Chun-Zhun Enterprise Corpration Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investing in Gallant Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. and Chun-Zhun Precision Machining (Guang Zhou Nan Sha) Corporation	125,671		125,671	3,576,000	100.00		12,394	(	199) (	199)	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Sunengine Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Manufacturing and selling of battery and energy technology services business	366,877		366,877	7,568,259	37.84		64,900	(	4,920) (	1,862)	
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Manufacturing and selling of semiconductor related equipment and parts	379,182		379,182	16,171,750	62.88		488,820		34,587	21,748	
Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd.	King Mechatronics Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment Gallant Micro. Machining (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	393,508		393,508	2,780,645	100.00		695,744		25,450	-	
Gallant Micro. Machining Co., Ltd.	Gallant Micro Machining(Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Engaged in the import and export and trading business of semiconductor substrate machines and related parts	3,992		3,992	500,000	100.00		2,910	(	3)	-	

Note: Original investment amount has translated to New Taiwan Dollars at the closing exchange rate.

Table 5

# GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

		Total Amount of	Method of	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January	Investm	ent Flows	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of June 30.	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee	Percentage of	Share of	Carrying Amount as of June 30,	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of June	
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Investment	1, 2018	Outflow	Inflow	2018	Company	Ownership	Profits/Losses	2018	30, 2018	Footnote
Gallant Precision Industries (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of optoelectronic \$ products equipment, mechanical equipment and related parts	192,507	2	\$ 251,021	\$ -	\$ 91,380	\$ 159,641 (\$		100.00 (	•	\$ 154,832	\$	Note3- 2.C
Gallant Precision Machinery (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of optoelectronic products equipment, mechanical equipment and related parts	581,786	2	581,786	-	-	581,786	3,492	100.00	3,492	390,579	-	Note3- 2.C
Gallant Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of medical and mechanical related equipment	63,540	2	63,540	-	-	63,540 (	205)	100.00 (	205)	12,166	-	Note3- 2.C
CHUN-ZHUN Precision Machining(Guang Zhou Nan Sha)Corporation	-	-	2	49,558	-	=	49,558	-	-	-	-	-	Note3- 2.C
Suzhou Top Creation Machines Co.,Ltd.	PCB / FPC Wet Process Equipments	167,530	3	36,704	-	-	36,704	-	10.15	=	57,900	-	Note3- 2.C
Gallant Micro. Machining (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling of precision mold and related parts	138,593	2	244,990	-	-	244,990	22,352	62.88	14,055	640,416	=	Note3- 2.B
Hitachi Zosen GPM Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling of kinds of film forming system, filling and packaging system and related services.	174,534	3	-	=	-	- (	4,173)	30.00	-	-	-	Note3- 2.C
Gallant International Trading Co., Ltd.	Engaged in selling of mechanical equipment	32,151	3	-	-	=	- (	4,903)	100.00 (	4,903)	7,140	-	Note3- 2.C
Suzhou Jianmeifu Optical Co., Ltd.	Engaged in wholesale and retail of contact lenses and related care products	18,372	3	-	-	=	- (	1,112)	100.00 (	1,112)	3,652	-	Note3- 2.C
Gallant Precision Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of optoelectronic products equipment, mechanical equipment and related parts	45,930	3	-	-	=	-	16,043	60.00	9,626	48,946	-	Note3- 2.C

Investee Company	 nulated Investment in ad China as of June 30, 2018	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA			Upper Limit on Investment		
Gallant Precision Machining Co., Ltd.	\$ 854,525	\$	1,108,521	\$	1,408,499		
Gallant Micro Machining	\$ 281,694	\$	281,694	\$	466,431		

Note1: There are three methods of investment as follows

- (1) Directly invest in Mainland China.
- (2) Indirectly invest in Mainland China.
- A. Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in invested in Mainland China: Invest through Gallant-Rapid Corporation Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- B. Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in investee in Mainland China: Invest through Gallant Precision Machinery (BVI) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- C. Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in invested in Mainland China: Invest through Chun-Zhun Enterprise Corporation Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- D. Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in investee in Mainland China: Invest through King Mechatronics Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- (3) Others.

Note2: Share of Profits/Losses recognized for the year ended December, 2015:

- (1) No investment income (loss) recognition.
- (2) There are three basis for investment income (loss) recognition.
- A. The basis for investment income (loss) recognition is from the financial statements which were based on the audited and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
- B. The basis for investment income (loss) recognition is from the financial statements which were based on the audited and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.
- C. Others (The basis for investment income (loss) recognition is from the non-audited financial statements prepared by the investees.

Note3: The amounts of paid-in capital and accumulated beginning and ending balance have translated to New Taiwan Dollars at the closing exchange rate.

#### Table 6

# GALLANT PRECISION MACHINING CO., LTD AND SUBSIDIARIES

# INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA(SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS CONDUCTED WITH INVESTEES IN MAINLAND CHINA DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH OTHER COMPANIES IN THE THIRD AREAS)

# FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

	Sales		Purchases		Provision of Endorsements/ Guarantees or Collaterals			Financing					
Investee Company	Amount	%		Amount	%	Ending Balance	Purpose		Maximum balance	Ending Balance	Interest Rate	Interest expense	Other
Gallant Precision Intelligence Technology Co.,	\$ -		- \$	93,807	7.81 \$			-	-	-	-	-	-